

EMERGENCY AND EVACUATION POLICY

Under the *Education and Care Services National Regulations*, an approved provider must ensure that policies and procedures are in place for emergency and evacuation and take reasonable steps to ensure policies and procedures are followed. (ACECQA, 2021).

Emergency and evacuation situations may arise for a variety of reasons, often suddenly and unexpectedly. It is vital that if an emergency situation arises, staff are confident to manage the situation effectively and efficiently, maintaining the safety and wellbeing of children, families and visitors.

Ensuring that educators and children know what to do in an emergency situation requires vigilant planning and practice. Regularly practicing the drills for emergency situations also provides an opportunity to help support and build on children's coping mechanisms and resilience.

NATIONAL QUALITY STANDARD (NQS)

QUALITY AREA 2: CHILDREN'S HEALTH AND SAFETY		
2.2	Safety	Each child is protected.
2.2.1	Supervision	At all times, reasonable precautions and adequate supervision ensure children are protected from harm and hazard.
2.2.2	Incident and emergency management	Plans to effectively manage incidents and emergencies are developed in consultation with relevant authorities, practiced and implemented.
QUALITY AREA 7: GOVERNANCE AND LEADERSHIP		
7.1.2	Management Systems	Systems are in place to manage risk and enable the effective management and operation of a quality service.
7.1.3	Roles and responsibilities	Roles and responsibilities are clearly defined, and understood, and support effective decision-making and operation of the service.

EDUCATION AND CARE SERVICES NATIONAL LAW AND NATIONAL REGULATIONS	
S. 174(2)(a)	Serious incident - Any emergency for which emergency services attended
S. 174(2)(c)	Any incident that requires the approved provider to close, or reduce the number of children attending the service for a period
S.174(2)(c)	Any circumstance at the service that poses a risk to the health, safety or wellbeing of a child attending the service
4	Definitions "multi-storey building" and "storey"
12(d)	Meaning of a serious incident- any emergency for which emergency services attended
97	Emergency and evacuation procedures
98	Telephone or other communication equipment
99	Children leaving the education and care service premises

136	First aid qualifications
168	Education and Care Services must have policies and procedures
170	Policies and procedures are to be followed
171	Policies and procedures to be kept available
175	Prescribed information to be notified to regulatory authority

PURPOSE

Our Out of School Hours Care (OSHC) Service has a duty of care to maintain the safety and wellbeing of each child, educator, and all using or visiting the OSHC Service during an emergency or evacuation situation. We are committed to identifying risks and potential hazards of emergency and evacuation situations by conducting thorough risk assessments on an annual basis and continually plan for further risk minimisation and improvement to our policy and procedures.

SCOPE

This policy applies to children, families, staff, educators, approved provider, nominated supervisor, students, volunteers, visitors and management of the OSHC Service.

IMPLEMENTATION

We define an emergency as an unplanned, sudden or unexpected event or situation that requires immediate action to prevent harm, injury, or illness to persons, or damage to the OSHC Service's premises. Emergency situations may pose a risk to an individual's health and safety. It is important that services identify potential emergencies that may be specific to their location and environment. Severe heat or heatwaves, also pose an immediate risk to young children and require risk mitigation strategies to be implemented. [See: *Sun Safety Policy*].

An emergency is any event, situation or event where there is an imminent or severe risk to the health, safety or wellbeing of children at the service. (Guide to the NQF)

Circumstances under which an emergency evacuation will occur may include:

- Fire within the building or playground
- Fire in the surrounding area where the OSHC Service may be in danger
- Flood
- Cyclone, severe storm or dust storm or other natural weather event
- dangerous animal, insect or reptile

- Terrorist threat
- Other circumstances may include:
 - gas explosion, traffic accident, or any event which could render the building unsafe (eg: earthquake).

[Our Bushfire Policy contains specific information about Bushfire Risk Management Plans and evacuation plans for Bush Fires.]

The approved provider, in conjunction with educators of the OSHC Service, will conduct a comprehensive risk assessment in order to identify any risk/s or hazards associated with potential emergencies that may affect the safe evacuation of children from the OSHC Service.

The risk assessment will be reviewed at least annually or after being aware of an incident or circumstance that may affect the safe evacuation of children. All risk assessments will be regularly assessed and evaluated as to facilitate continuous improvement in our OSHC Service. If a risk concerning the safe evacuation of a child is identified during the risk assessment, the approved provider must update the *Emergency and Evacuation Policy* and procedure as soon as possible. The risk assessment is to be stored safely and securely and kept for a period of 3 years.

THE AUSTRALIAN WARNING SYSTEM (AWS)

The Australian Warning System (AWS) is a nationally consistent, three-tiered approach designed to make warnings clearer and lead people to take action during emergencies like bushfire, flood, storm, extreme heat and severe weather. The warning system comprises of levels, action statements, hazard icons, colours and shapes. <https://www.ses.nsw.gov.au/about-us/our-warnings/>

The three warning levels are:

Advice (Yellow): An incident has started. There is no immediate danger. Stay up to date in case the situation changes. Monitor conditions.

Watch and Act (Orange): There is a heightened level of threat. Conditions are changing and you need to start taking action now. Prepare to leave/evacuate. Do not enter flood water.

Emergency Warning (Red): An Emergency Warning is the highest level of warning. You need to take action immediately. Leave/evacuate (immediately by am/pm/hazard timing).

When there is an Emergency Warning, educators need to prepare for possible emergency evacuation and implement the procedures effectively to ensure the safety of all children, staff, families and visitors in the OSHC Service.

THE APPROVED PROVIDER/ NOMINATED SUPERVISOR/ MANAGEMENT AND EDUCATORS WILL ENSURE:

- obligations under the *Education and Care National Law and Regulations* are met
- emergency and evacuation policies and procedures are available for inspection at the OSHC Service's premises at all times
- the approved provider will conduct an annual risk assessment to identify potential emergencies that are relevant to the OSHC Service
- the approved provider will review the risk assessment after becoming aware of any circumstance that may affect the safe evacuation of children from the OSHC Service
- relevant stakeholders/authorities are consulted for advice and guidance to improve risk mitigation strategies as part of our emergency and evacuation plan (School Principal, police, fire, parents/families)
- an Emergency Management Plan (EMP) is developed and updated
- all staff and educators have a thorough understanding of the [Australian Warning System \(AWS\)](#)
- the [Bureau of Meteorology \(BOM\)](#) will be checked regularly to monitor emergency situations and warnings relevant to our Service location
- consideration is made to evacuate non-ambulant children evacuating the premises resulting in enhanced ratios (see *Evacuating non-ambulatory children* section below)
- additional consideration is made for OSHC services operating in multi-storey buildings (assembly areas, lifts not being used, stairwells, non-ambulant children, staffing implications, supervision) [Reg. 97(1)(b)]
- emergency rehearsals should involve school students and staff if OSHC is located on a school site (if applicable)
- emergency evacuation plans are displayed in prominent positions near each exit at the OSHC Service premises including both the indoor and outdoor learning areas
- the emergency and evacuation procedures include instructions for what must be done in the event of an emergency
- the plan includes a floor plan for ease of reference with clearly defined assembly points and clearly marked exit routes from all locations
- all exits have exit signs clearly visible
- there are no obstructions in hallways, stairways or emergency exits
- all educators, including casual/relief educators and staff members, are familiar with our *Emergency and Evacuation Policy*, procedures and regulatory requirements

- new staff, volunteers and students are provided with information and training about our *Emergency and Evacuation Policy* and procedures during induction
- all staff are aware of their roles and responsibilities in event of an emergency situation
- emergency evacuation rehearsals (drills) will be practiced **every three months** by the responsible person, all staff members, volunteers, and children present on the day
- National Regulations state that evacuation rehearsals are to be practiced **every 3 months**: However, to ensure best practice our Service will conduct emergency evacuation drills in Weeks 2 and 6 each term so that all children and staff experience an evacuation on a regular basis.
- spontaneous rehearsals also take place during the year to assist in refining risk management procedures and evacuation procedures
- each time a planned or spontaneous emergency evacuation drill is performed it is to be timed and documented in the *Emergency Evacuation Rehearsal Evaluation*
- after reflection, notes on any areas that need improving or revising are to be documented in the *Emergency Evacuation Rehearsal Evaluation*. Educators will discuss and implement strategies to make continuous improvement to procedures which will be documented in the Service's Staff Meeting minutes and Quality Improvement Plan (QIP)
- in the event of limited educators (e.g., early morning or late afternoon), staff members are to work together to perform the duties as per the evacuation plan (the roster must include a responsible person being on the premises at all times to take responsibility and delegate duties). This scenario will be discussed and documented in the Service's Staff Meeting Minutes (WHS).
- regular communication with families includes information about emergency and evacuation procedures
- families are informed when a rehearsal or drill has occurred
- at least one staff member or one nominated supervisor who holds current ACEQCA approved first aid qualifications, approved anaphylaxis management and emergency asthma management training is in attendance at all times
- *Emergency Evacuation Kit* is regularly audited and restocked as required
- an up-to-date register of emergency telephone numbers for children is maintained. A copy of the current list will always be available in the *Emergency Evacuation Kit*
- portable First Aid Kits are readily available in case of an emergency evacuation
- medical management plans for children are able to be accessed easily
- children's medication is collected during an evacuation
- all fire extinguishers, fire blankets, fire hoses, and other emergency equipment located throughout the Service will be inspected and tested at six monthly intervals by an authorised company as per the

Australian Safety Standard AS 1851-2012: *Maintenance of Fire Protection Systems and Equipment* extinguishers will be emptied, pressure tested, and refilled every five years

- all tests performed on emergency equipment and the date on which it was tested will be recorded on a label or metal tag attached to the unit. Certificates to verify testing will be filed
- ensure smoke detectors are regularly tested and batteries replaced annually
- staff and educators have access to an operating telephone or other means of communication at all times (mobile phone)
- in the event of an operating telephone or no other means of communication the service will consider closure of the OSHC Service (See *Closure of Service* below)
- emergency telephone numbers will be displayed prominently throughout the OSHC Service in the kitchen, office, staff room and each area where children are educated and cared for
- Our emergency telephone list (located next to the telephone) includes the numbers for:
 - Police
 - Local fire station
 - Rural Fire Service
 - State Emergency Services (SES)
- following the emergency evacuation or an incident that poses a risk to the health and safety of children attending the OSHC Service, an *Emergency Evacuation Record* and an *Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record* will be completed
- the approved provider will make a notification of a serious incident to a regulatory authority (within 24 hours) through the [NQA IT System](#) when emergency services have attended an education and care service in response to an emergency, rather than as a precaution or for any other reason or following an incident that poses a risk to the health and safety of children attending the OSHC Service
- ensure the regulatory authority is notified within 24 hours via the [National Quality Agenda IT System \(NQAITS\)](#) if the OSHC Service is required to close for a period of time as a result of a local emergency [Reg.175 (2)(b)]
- the approved provider will notify the Department of Education (CCS) if the OSHC Service is required to close for a period of time as a result of a local emergency [Reg.175 (2)(b)].

EMERGENCY AND EVACUATION PROCEDURE GUIDELINES

(include who is responsible for the implementation of each step)

As per Reg. 97, the emergency and evacuation procedures must set out-

- a) instructions for what must be done in the event of an emergency; and
- b) an emergency and evacuation floor plan

- c) if the education and care service premises is located within a multi-storey building shared with other occupants and on a storey with no direct egress to an assembly area—
 - I. all possible evacuation routes from each storey on which the premises is located; and
 - II. the evacuation routes that are proposed to be used in an evacuation; and
 - III. how all children will be safely evacuated from the premises, including non-ambulatory children; and
 - IV. the stages in which an evacuation will be carried out; and
 - V. the identity of the person in charge of an evacuation; and
 - VI. the roles and responsibilities of staff members during an evacuation; and
 - VII. the arrangements made with the other occupants of the multi-storey building in relation to the evacuation of the multi-storey building.
- the nominated supervisor/approved provider will make the final call to whether to evacuate the premises due to an emergency situation
- contact 000 for local emergencies- provide name, address and nearest cross street, reason for evacuation, phone contact number, number of children and adults evacuating
- guidance will be provided by the relevant emergency service (Fire service, SES, Police)
- move all children and visitors to identified evacuation/emergency assembly area as indicated on the *Emergency and Evacuation Plan*
- collect Emergency Evacuation Kit, medical management plans and associated children's medication
- collect First Aid Kit
- check daily attendance record and visitor record
- once children are safely evacuated, administer first aid if required
- remain calm and reassure children
- once emergency services arrive, contact parents/emergency contacts
- await instructions from relevant emergency services for re-entering premises or alternative evacuation procedure.

EVACUATING NON-AMBULATORY CHILDREN

The approved provider and nominated supervisor will:

- complete a detailed risk assessment specifically considering the safe evacuation of non-ambulatory children from the OSHC Service including:
 - additional staffing requirements to safely evacuate non-ambulatory children from multi-storey buildings
 - the location of emergency equipment which may include- wheel chairs or walkers

- ensuring this equipment can travel through the evacuation route to the assembly area without obstruction
- specific procedures required for evacuating non-ambulatory children from multi-storey buildings via stairs
- ensure non-ambulatory children are included in ALL evacuation rehearsals
- ensure staff assess children's physical mobility during an emergency to ensure children who cannot walk independently or require assistance will be identified and prioritised for evacuation
- ensure weight restrictions and maximum capacity requirements are maintained at all times when using emergency equipment during an emergency evacuation
- reflect and assess evacuation rehearsals with all staff considering time taken to safely evacuate non-ambulatory children
- ensure all equipment is easily accessible in an emergency situation
- ensure all staff have knowledge of how to use emergency equipment for transporting non-ambulatory children.

FAMILIES WILL:

- ensure contact details are kept up to date
- provide emergency contact details on their child's enrolment form and advise the service of any change of name or phone number
- ensure the attendance record for their child is completed each day
- ensure they are aware of the service's *Emergency and Evacuation Policy* and procedures
- follow the directions of the responsible person in the event of an emergency or evacuation

CLOSURE OF THE SERVICE

There may be times where the normal operation of the OSHC Service is disrupted, and the Service is required to close temporarily during a planned or unplanned emergency occurrence. Situations that affect the normal operation include a local emergency which poses a risk to the health and safety of children attending the service, or where the service is inaccessible or is unsafe for children or staff or the emergency services/authority have directed the service to close.

Situation where the OSHC Service may consider closure include:

- A period of local emergency, or emergency event
- Flooding
- Health emergency (i.e., pandemic)
- Bushfire

- Cyclone
 - Unexpected absence of staff where ratios are unable to be met
 - Severe outbreak of illness or disease
 - Lack of access to operating phone/communication means
 - Damage or vandalism to the service
 - Chemical hazard
 - Earthquake
- The approved provider or nominated supervisor will consult with emergency services/ local authorities regarding the closure of the OSHC Service
 - Our OSHC Service will ensure families are informed of emergency closures as soon as practicable to ensure immediate collection of children
 - In the event of a planned closure, management will advise families as reasonably practicable through SMS/social media/phone calls/email to provide details of the planned closure including the period of closure
 - Our OSHC Service will notify the regulatory authority of the service closure within 24 hours of an incident
 - Our OSHC Service will notify the Department of Education through the Provider Entry Point (PEP) or our third-party software of the Service closure within 24 hours.

DEALING WITH TRAUMA

Emergencies and natural disasters are extremely stressful, and it is normal for children and adults to feel overwhelmed and distressed. People cope with trauma in many different ways. Children look to adults for reassurance, care and opportunities to share their feelings. It is important for educators to understand the impact of disasters and seek help when needed.

The approved provider/nominated supervisor will support educators to provide information to parents and families following any emergency or natural disaster including:

- will the service be open in the days and weeks ahead?
- how to find alternative care and education
- how to contact services for support with dealing with trauma

Several organisations offer support for educators in these situations:

[Emerging Minds](#)

BeYou- [Trauma informed practice](#)

PREPARING FOR AN EMERGENCY

Australian Government Department of Education Resources- [Help in an emergency](#)
[Australian Government Bureau of Meteorology](#)

JURISDICTION SPECIFIC WEBSITE DETAILS FOR SOUTH AUSTRALIA

SOUTH AUSTRALIA (SA)
- Country Fire Service: www.cfs.sa.gov.au - South Australia Police: www.police.sa.gov.au - South Australian State Emergency Service: www.ses.sa.gov.au

CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT/REFLECTION

The *Emergency and Evacuation Policy* will be reviewed on an annual basis in conjunction with children, families, staff, educators and management.

SOURCES

Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2023). Policy and procedure guidelines- [Emergency and evacuation guidelines](#).
 Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2025). [Guide to the National Quality Framework](#)
 Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2023). [Multi Storey Buildings: Evacuations and Approvals](#)
 Australian Government. Business. (2024). [Emergency management](#).
 Australian Government Department of Education. (2023). [Help in an emergency](#)
 Australian Government. National Emergency Management Agency. [Australian Warning System](#).
 Early Childhood Australia Code of Ethics. (2016).
[Education and Care Services National Regulations](#). (Amended 2023).
 Fire Protection Association Australia: www.fpaa.com.au/
 Fire System Services: <http://www.firesys.com.au/Fire-Extinguisher-Service-and-Maintenance-pg14686.html>
 NSW Department of Education. (2023). [Emergency Planning, Management, Response and Recovery](#)
 NSW Rural Fire Service: www.rfs.com.au
Work Health and Safety Act 2011.

REVIEW

POLICY REVIEWED BY	CATHY MORALLEE	NOMINATED SUPERVISOR AND OSHC DIRECTOR	MAY 2025
POLICY REVIEWED	FEBRUARY 2025	NEXT REVIEW DATE	FEBRUARY 2026
VERSION NUMBER	V11.02.25		
MODIFICATIONS	- annual policy maintenance - minor edits within policy - additional section added: Evacuation of non-ambulatory children - sources checked and updated as required		

POLICY REVIEWED	PREVIOUS MODIFICATIONS	NEXT REVIEW DATE
SEPTEMBER 23/JANUARY 24	JANUARY • annual review of policy • additional information added re: closure of a service due to an emergency or evacuation situation SEPTEMBER • review of policy to include additional considerations for multi-storey buildings (NQF review) • new resources from CCD added • sources updated	FEBRUARY 2025